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AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016



CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Audited Financial Statements September 30, 2016

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FINANCIAL SECTION



WATKINS, WARD and STAFFORD

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Columbus Columbus, Mississippi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbus, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbus, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of the City's contributions on pages 3-12 and 47-50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Columbus, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

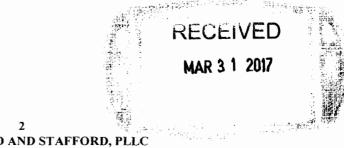
The other supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 6, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Columbus, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Columbus, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Columbus, Mississippi February 6, 2017

Watkins Ward and Staffad, Puc



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended September 30, 2016

This section of the City of Columbus's Financial Report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the City of Columbus' financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City has adopted the provisions of Government Auditing Standards Board Statement No. 34.
- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$73,332,843. Of this amount \$6,438,372 may be used to meet the City of Columbus' ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The \$(15,850,817) of unassigned net position shown on the statement of net position includes a \$22,289,189 reduction in net position as a result of GASB No. 68, which requires employers to disclose their share of the plan's unfunded pension liability. The plan is administered by PERS of Mississippi.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Columbus governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,897,835, an increase of \$98,117 in comparison to the prior year.
- The City of Columbus' total debt is \$53,906,792 (exclusive of compensated absences). Of that total, approximately \$25,305,951 of debt was issued for governmental fund capital assets.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts –management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents schedules for bonded indebtedness and other long-term notes and a schedule of surety bonds for municipal officers. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City of Columbus.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City of Columbus's overall financial status. (Pages 15-16)
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City of Columbus' operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The Governmental Funds statements tell how general government services such as public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The City of Columbus has four Governmental Fund types: the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects. (Pages 18-21)

Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about activities the government operates in a similar manner as businesses, and include the Electric and Water Divisions. (Pages 22-24)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fiduciary fund statements are used to account for the resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. (Pages 25, 26)

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. (Pages 27-46)

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the City of Columbus' financial statements, including the portion of the City of Columbus they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and content of each of the statements.

Figure A-1

Major Features of the City of Columbus' Governmental-wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
	Government-wide	Governmental	Proprietary	Fiduciary
	Statements	Funds	Funds	Funds
Scope	Entire City Government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as Police, Fire, and Public Works	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses; Electric and Water Departments	To account for resources held for the benefit of others
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position; Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet; Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Fund Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position, Statement of Net Cash Flows	Position; Statement of Changes in Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	
Type of inflow-outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	is received during or soon after the end of the year,	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All collections and deductions during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City of Columbus as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City of Columbus' net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the City of Columbus' assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the City of Columbus' financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City of Columbus' net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City of Columbus, the reader should consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the City of Columbus' property tax base.
- Governmental activities Most of the City of Columbus' basic services are included here, such as
 police, fire, public works, agency appropriations, and general administration. Property taxes,
 sales and use taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City of Columbus charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The City of Columbus' electric, water and sewer system services are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City of Columbus' most significant funds—not the City as a whole. The "fund" level is where the basic unit of financial organization and operation within the City of Columbus exists. Funds are accounting tools that are used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. They are the basic budgetary and accounting entities.

- Some funds are required by the state law and by covenants.
- The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City of Columbus has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds-Most of the City of Columbus' basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City of Columbus' programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the governmental-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The measurement focus of the governmental funds is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balance of financial resources) rather than upon net income determination. These funds are maintained on a modified accrual basis of accounting (explained further in the notes to the financial statements under "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies"). The basic financial statements for governmental funds are the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. The City of Columbus utilizes four types of governmental funds: the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Project Funds.
- **Proprietary funds**—Services for which the City of Columbus charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information. The City has only one type of proprietary funds—enterprise funds. The City of Columbus' enterprise funds are the same as its business-type activities yet provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The measurement focus of proprietary funds is upon determination of net income, financial position and change in financial position. These funds are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. The Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expense and Changes in Fund Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows are all required statements.
- Fiduciary funds—Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City and are not available to support City programs. The City of Columbus has three fiduciary funds that are presented on Pages 25 and 26 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

A comparative analysis of government-wide data is presented in Tables A-1 through A-4.

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City of Columbus' assets exceeded liabilities by \$73,332,843 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

A substantial portion, 178%, of the City's governmental activities net position reflects its investment in capital assets (such as land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; however, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table A-1 City of Columbus Net Position						
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	2016 Total	2015 Total		
Cash and Other Assets	11,856,887	24,763,031	36,619,918	40,152,640		
Capital Assets	53,205,631	82,687,017	135,892,648	133,718,840		
Total Assets	65,062,518	107,450,048	172,512,566	173,871,480		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,780.344	3,759,283	8,539,627	5,200,245		
Other Liabilities	2,084,257	10,289,316	12,373,573	14,264,740		
Long-term Liabilities	51,586,637	43,025,447	94,612,084	89,205,927		
Total Liabilities	53,670,894	53.314,763	106,985,657	103,470,667		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	108,801	624,892	733,693	1,842,392		
Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets						
Net of Related Debt	28,549,680	53,429,543	81,979,223	78,494,664		
Restricted	3,364,304	55,427,545	3,364,304	2,897,612		
Unrestricted	(15,850,817)	3,840,133	(12,010,684)	(7,633,610)		
Total Net Position	16,063,167	57,269,676	73,332,843	73,758,666		

Unrestricted net position of our business-type activities was \$3,840,133 at the end of the current fiscal year. These resources cannot be used to increase the net position surplus in governmental activities. The City of Columbus generally can only use this net position to finance the continuing operations of the business-type activities.

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

- Increases of \$4,689,278 and \$716,879 of long-term debt for Governmental and Business-Type activities, respectively, due largely to GASB No. 68 as mentioned previously.
- Capital asset additions were \$4,232,054 for Governmental activities. Capital asset reductions were \$2,058,246 for Business-Type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Changes in net position. Approximately 12.4 percent of the City of Columbus' revenue comes from property taxes, with 28.9 percent of all revenue coming from some type of tax. (See Table A-2). Another 66.1 percent comes from fees charged for services, and the balance is from operating and capital grants and contributions and investment earnings.

Table A-2 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of governmental and business-type activities separately.

	Table	: A-2		
	Changes in the C	ity's Net Position		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	2016 Total	2015 Total
Revenue				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 3,654,181	49,557,152	53,211,333	53,366,780
Operating Grants & Contributions	324,028		324,028	908,179
Capital Grants & Contributions	3,132,334		3,132,334	845,305
General Revenues:				
Property Taxes	9,966,230		9,966,230	8,448,936
Other Taxes	13,341,032		13,341,032	12,275,334
Investment Income	26,710	16,823	43,533	48,850
Other	433,860	108,974	542,834	469,622
Total Revenue	30,878,375	49,682,949	80,561,324	76,363,006
Expenses				
General Government	2,520,704		2,520,704	2,457,713
Public Safety	12,405,235		12,405,235	11,362,232
Public Works	7,008,766		7,008,766	8,488,550
Urban & Economic Development	2,161,712		2,161,712	2,265,645
Cemetary	102,958		102,958	100,006
Garage	805,768		805,768	719,988
Agency Appropriations	1,571,704		1,571,704	1,248,014
Culture & Recreation	2,278,564		2,278,564	565,857
Interest on Debt	941,840		941,840	798,412
Water		11,980,639	11,980,639	10,119,050
Electric		39,168,619	39,168,619	40,243,989
Other on Long-term Debt	40,638		40,638	22,952
Total Expenses	29,837,889	51,149,258	80,987,147	78,392,408
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	1,040,486	(1,466,309)	(425,823)	(2,029,402)
Net Position - Beginning	18,407,576	55,351,090	73,758,666	105,757,736
Prior Period Adjustment	-	-	-	(29,969,668)
Elimination of Intercompany Loans	(3,384,895)	3,384,895	-	-
Net Position - Ending	\$ 16,063,167	57,269,676	73,332,843	73,758,666

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$1,040,486. Key elements of this are as follows:

The largest funding sources for the City's governmental activities, as a percent of total revenues, are other taxes (43.2%) and property taxes (32.3%).

The largest expense categories for the City's governmental activities are public safety (41.6%) and public works (23.5%).

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities decreased the City's net assets by \$1,466,309.

Charges for services are the major revenue categories for the enterprise funds. Revenue from services totaled \$49,557,152, 99.8% of the City's Business-Type Revenues. Total business-type expenses are comprised of \$11,980,639 for water and sewer, \$39,168,619 for electric.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's Governmental Funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund - The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,498,636. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the fund balance, reserved and unreserved, to total fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's General Fund decreased by \$24,273 during the current fiscal year. These amounts do not account for the effects of the net pension liability discussed earlier.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$4,934,470, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. The net decrease in fund balance during the year in the Debt Service Fund was \$81,741.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the construction and reconstruction of general public improvements, excluding projects related to business-type activities, which are accounted for elsewhere. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance was \$976,465. The net increase in the fund balance during the current year in the Capital Projects Fund was \$188,106.

Special Revenue Fund – The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the programs and projects primarily funded by grants from the federal and state governments. At the end of the current fiscal year, no special revenue funds were available for future expenditures. The net change in the fund balance during the current year in the Special Revenue Fund was zero.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Proprietary Funds – The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The net assets of the Proprietary Funds at the end of the current fiscal year totaled \$57,269,676. Changes in net assets, which decreased by \$1,466,309, were as follows: the Electric Fund decreased by \$905,168 and the Water & Sewer Fund decreased by \$561,141

Budgetary Highlights

The City's annual budget, which is prepared on an operating basis, included estimated revenues and annual appropriations for the Governmental Funds. The total 2015-2016 operating budget charges amounted to \$34,448,049.

The City's total tax millage rate for the 2016 fiscal year was 43.69 mills. The breakdown of the millage rate is General Fund 33.21 mills, Police and Firemen's Retirement 5.17 mills, and Special Assessment 5.31 mills.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – In accordance with GASB 34, the City has recorded depreciation expense associated with all of its capital assets, including infrastructure. The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2016, amounted to \$135,892,648, net of accumulated depreciation of \$142,059,986. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress.

Table A-3 City of Columbus Capital Assets								
		overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	2016 Total	2015 Total			
Land	\$	7,633,188	305,927	7,939,115	6,846,243			
Buildings		20,653.227		20,653,227	18,216,608			
Improv. Other Than Buildings		1,834,537		1,834,537	1,825,189			
Light & Water Plant			168,733,567	168,733,567	165,183,658			
Machinery & Equipment		13,274,273		13,274,273	11,044,164			
Infrastructure		62,754,533		62,754,533	58,144,410			
Construction-in-Progress		2,674,685	88,697	2,763,382	7,882,874			
Accumulated Depreciation		(55,618,812)	(86,441,174)	(142,059,986)	(135,424,306)			
Total	\$	53,205,631	82,687,017	135,892,648	133,718,840			

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Long-Term Debt – At year-end, the City had \$58,591,687 in bonds and notes outstanding. More detailed information about the City of Columbus' long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

		Table A-4 bus Outstanding Debt		
	 overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	2016 Total	2015 Total
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 5,480,000		5,480,000	5,720,000
Special Assessment Bonds	8,710,000		8,710,000	9,530,000
TIF Bonds	3,322,000		3,322,000	2,230,000
Long-term Debt and Lease				
Obligations	7,358,122		7,358,122	5,606,404
Revenue Bonds (Water Division)		12,498,480	12,498,480	3,772,471
Special Ob Bonds (Water Division)		8,509,709	8,509,709	18,617,599
Other Long-term Debt (Water &				
Electric Divisions)		12,277,547	12,277,547	13,799,795
Capital Improvement Loans	 435,829		435,829	535,709
Total	\$ 25,305.951	33,285,736	58.591.687	59,811,978

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City considered current year operational expenses and estimated increases based on economic factors when establishing the fiscal year 2017 budget. The total budgeted appropriation for the City operations in the governmental activities is \$33,244,083 (which includes \$23,261,444 in the general fund).

CONTACTING THE CITY OF COLUMBUS FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City of Columbus' finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information please contact the City of Columbus's Secretary-Treasurer, Post Office Box 1408, Columbus, MS 39703.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
 - Governmental funds
 - Proprietary (enterprise) funds
 - Fiduciary funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to the user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Net Position September 30, 2016

	Primary Government			
	Gove	rnmental	Business-type	
	Act	tivities	Activities	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,420,410	9,010,414	18,430,824
Investments, Restricted			4,055,379	4,055,379
Receivable, Net		637,364	6,479,766	7,117,130
Property Tax Receivable		141,873		141,873
Landfill Receivable		4,627		4,627
Intergovernmental Receivable		1.541,441		1,541,441
Fines Receivable		22,041		22,041
Inventory			755,143	755,143
Prepaid Expense			186,654	186,654
Notes Receivable		89,131		89,131
Other Assets			4,275,675	4,275,675
Capital Assets:				
Land and Construction in Progress	1	0,307,873	394,624	10,702,497
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	4	2.897.758	82,292,393	125,190,151
Total Assets		5,062,518	107,450,048	172,512,566
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Bond Issuance Costs		542,012	1,571.563	2,113,575
Deferred Outflows Related to				
- Net Pension Liability		4.238.332	2.187,720	6,426,052
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,780,344	3,759,283	8,539,627
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		1,856,947	6,775,101	8,632,048
Customer Deposits			3,402,710	3,402,710
Other Liabilities		227.310	111,505	338,815
Long-term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year		1,950,777	3,173,786	5,124,563
Due in More than One Year	2	3,178,644	26,077,055	49,255,699
Unfunded Pension Liability		6,457,216	13,774,606	40,231,822
Total Liabilities	5	3,670,894	53,314,763	106,985,657
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Bond Premiums		38,496	125,161	163,657
Deferred Inflows Related to				
- Net Pension Liability		70,305	491,954	562,259
Other			7,777	7,777
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		108,801	624,892	733,693
NET POSITION				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2	8,549,680	53,429,543	81,979,223
Restricted for:				
Expendable:				
Capital Improvements		976,465		976,465
City-based Activities		1,488,264		1,488,264
Debt Service		899,575		899,575
Unrestricted - Unassigned		5,850,817)	3,840,133	(12,010,684)
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u> 10	6,063,167	57,269,676	73,332,843

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

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			Program Revenues				
		-	Charges for		Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Net (Expense)
Functions/Program:		Expenses	Services		Contribution:	Contribution:	/ Revenue
Primary Governmen							
Governmental Activities							
General Government	\$	2,520,704	631,335		115,053		(1,774,316)
Public Safety		12,405,235	679,888		173,084	•	(11,552,263)
Public Works		7,008,766	2,130,866		35,891	30,262	(4,811,747)
Cemetery		102,958	61,305				(41,653)
Culture and Recreation		2,278,564	150,787			2,475,000	347,223
Conservation, Urban and Economic Development		2,161,712				627,072	(1,534,640)
Intergovernmental Garage		805,768					(805,768)
Agency Appropriations		1,571,704					(1,571,704)
Interest on Long-term Debt		941,840					(941,840)
Other on Long-term Debt		40,638					(40,638)
Total Governmental Activities	_	29,837,889	3,654,181		324,028	3,132,334	(22,727,346)
Business-type Activities							
Electric		39,168,619	38,236,996				(931,623)
Water		11,980,639	11,320,156				(660,483)
Total Business-type Activities		51,149,258	49,557,152				(1,592,106)
Total Primary Government	S	80,987,147	53,211,333		324,028	3,132,334	(24,319,452)
					overnmenta Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Changes in Net Position:							
Net (Expense) / Revenue				\$	(22,727,346)	(1,592,106)	(24,319,452)
General Revenues							
Taxes							
Property Taxes					9,966,230		9,966,230
Sales and Use Taxes					10,204,125		10,204,125
Other Taxes					3,136,907		3,136,907
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Pre-	ogran	IS					
Investment Income					26,710	16,823	43,533
Other					433,860	108,974	542,834
Total General Revenues					23,767,832	125,797	23,893,629
Change in Net Position					1,040,486	(1,466,309)	(425,823)
-					1,040,486 18,407,576	(1,466,309) 55,351,090	(425,823) 73,758,666
Change in Net Position Net Position, October 1, 2015 Elimination of Intercompany Loans					18,407,576		
Net Position, October 1, 2015						55,351,090	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

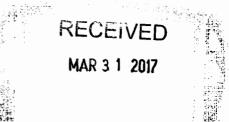
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds September 30, 2016

		General	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	· \$	4,848,739	4,571,671	9,420,410
Property Tax Receivable		130,765	11,108	141,873
Landfill Receivable		4,627	-	4,627
Intergovernment Receivables		873,578	667,863	1,541,441
Loans Receivable		89,131	4,034,895	4,124,026
Fines Receivable		22,041	-	22,041
Other Receivables		620,971	16,393	637,364
Due from Other Funds		1,144,356		1,144,356
Total Assets	\$	7,734,208	9,301,930	17,036,138
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	1,098,572	758,375	1,856,947
Due to Other Funds		-	1,144,356	1,144,356
Compensated Absences		137,000		137,000
Total Liabilities	<u></u>	1,235,572	1,902,731	3,138,303
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for:				
Capital Improvements			976,465	976,465
Debt Service			4,934,470	4,934,470
Other Commitments			1,488,264	1,488,264
Assigned		-		-
Unassigned		6,498,636		6,498,636
Total Fund Balances		6,498,636	7,399,199	13,897,835
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	_\$	7,734,208	9,301,930	17,036,138

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements



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CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2016

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 13,897,835
Amounts reported for governmental activities in Statement of Net Position are different	because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Governmental Capital Assets	108,824,443	
-	(55,618,812)	53,205,631
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Long-Term Liabilities	(52,099,637)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(227,310)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,780,344	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(108,801)	(47,655,404)
Receivables from consolidating entities must be eliminated on the Statement of Net Position		
Notes Receivable	(4,034,895)	(4,034,895)
Notes payable to consolidating entities must be eliminated on the Statement of Net Position		
Long-Term Liabilities	650,000	650,000
	030,000	 050,000
Net Position of Governmental Activities		 16,063,167

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Sheet,

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Funds	Funds
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 8,509,407	1,456,825	9,966,232
Licenses and Permits	630,262	-	630,262
Intergovernmental Revenues	11,378,990	5,580,976	16,959,966
Charges for Governmental Services	2,350,900	151,616	2,502,516
Fines and Forfeits	481,376	2,069	483,445
Interest Income	24,051	2,659	26,710
Other Revenues	294,513	14,731	309,244
Total Revenues	23,669,499	7,208,876	30,878,375
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government	2,424,758	-	2,424,758
Public Safety	12,057,553	411,272	12,468,825
Public Works	5,947,366	1,036,477	6,983,843
Cemetery	102,958	-	102,958
Culture and Recreation	353,605	2,498,975	2,852,580
Conservation, Urban and Economic Development	1,093,561	3,333,420	4,426,981
Intergovernmental-Garage	752,544	-	752,544
Agency Appropriations	1,571,704	-	1,571,704
Debt Service:			
Principal	646,114	1,224,099	1,870,213
Interest	56,183	817,076	873,259
Paying Agent Fees	1,000	5,644	6,644
Total Expenditures	25,007,346	9,326,963	34,334,309
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	(1,337,847)	(2,118,087)	(3,455,934)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds of Debt	1,732,051	1,822,000	3,554,051
Transfers from Other Departments	222,936	641,413	864,349
Transfers to Other Departments	(641,413)	(222,936)	(864,349)
Net Other Financing Sources	1,313,574	2,240,477	3,554,051
Net Change in Fund Balances	(24,273)	122,390	98,117
Fund Balances, October 1, 2015	6,522,909	7,276,809	13,799,718
Fund Balances, September 30, 2016	\$ 6,498,636	7,399,199	13,897,835

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	98,117
Amounts reported for governmental activities in Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:			
Expenditures for Capital Assets Less Current Year Depreciation	6,328,075 (2,096,021)		4,232,054
Bond and loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of borrowed principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments:			
Bond and Loan Proceeds Principal Payments	(3.554.051) 1,870,213	(1,683,838)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Change in Unfunded Pension Liability Change in long-term Compensated Absences Change in Accrued Interest Payable Change in Deferred Outflows of Resources Change in Deferred Inflows of Resources	(1,673,426) 32,564 (69,855) (35,470) 2,750	()	1.743.437)
Issuance cost of bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds for the year in which the bonds are issued. The issuance cost is amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements:			
Issuance Cost of Bonds Issued in Current Year	137,590		137,590
Change in Net Position of Governmental Funds		\$,040,486

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds September 30, 2016

	June 30, 2016	September 30, 2016	
	Electric Department	Water Department	Total Proprietary Funds
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,744,462	2,265,952	9,010,414
Receivables, Net	5,432,985	1,146,781	6,579,766
Inventory	569,627	185,516	755,143
Prepaid Expense	58,689	127,965	186,654
Total Current Assets	12,805,763	3,726,214	16,531,977
Non-current Assets:			
Restricted Investments		4,055,379	4,055,379
Capital Assets:			
Fixed Assets, Net of Depreciation	26,392,176	56,294,841	82,687,017
Other Assets	3,426,681	1,398,994	4,825,675
Total Non-current Assets	29,818,857	61,749,214	91,568,071
Total Assets	42,624,620	65,475,428	108,100,048
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized Debt Expense	170,850	1,400,713	1,571,563
Deferred Outflows Related to			
- Net Pension Liability	1,111,626	1,076,094	2,187,720
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,282,476	2,476,807	3,759,283
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	43,907,096	67,952,235	111,859,331
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			(2 (1 2 2 0
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	5,479,120	885,210	6,364,330
Customer Deposits	3,079,417	323,293	3,402,710
Interest Payable	162,490	248,281	410,771
Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable	573,249	2.946.467	3,519,716
Total Current Liabilities	9,294,276	4,403,251	13,697,527
Non-current Liabilities:	7 854 070	21.011.041	20 766 020
Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable	7,854,079 6,907,736	21,911,941 6,866,870	29,766,020 13,774,606
Unfunded Pension Liability Advances from Others		0,000,070	111,505
Total Non-current Liabilities	<u> </u>	28,778,811	43,652,131
Total Liabilities	24,167,596	33,182,062	57,349,658
Fotal Elabilities	24,107,570		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized Gain on Bond Defeasance		125,161	125,161
Deferred Inflows Related to			
- Net Pension Liability	218,583	273,371	491,954
Other	627	7,150	7,777
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	219,210	405,682	624,892
NET DOCITION			
NET POSITION	18 064 776	31,979,922	50,044,648
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	18,064,726		
Total Net Position	<u>1,455,564</u> 19,520,290	2,384,569 34,364,491	3,840,133 53,884,781
I OLDI INCL FOSILIOII	19,520,290	54,504,491	55,004,701
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources			
and Net Position	\$ 43,907,096	67,952,235	111,859,331

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	June 30, 2016	September 30, 2016	Total
	Electric Department	Water Department	Proprietary <u>Funds</u>
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services	\$ 38,236,996	11,320,156	49,557,152
Total Operating Revenues	38,236,996	11,320,156	49,557,152
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Purchased Power	30,681,945		30,681,945
Distribution Expense	456,355		456,355
Maintenance Expense	1,515,944	1,072,022	2,587,966
Water Treatment		839,856	839,856
Wastewater Treatment		2,240.112	2,240,112
Administrative and General	4,352,417	3,946,404	8,298,821
Depreciation	1,771,365	2,909,152	4,680.517
Total Operating Expenses	38,778,026	11,007,546	49,785,572
Operating Income	(541,030)	312,610	(228,420)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest and Investment Income	14,435	2,388	16.823
Other Revenue	12,020	96,954	108,974
Interest Expense	(373,695)	(835,714)	(1,209.409)
Other Expenses	(16,898)	(137,379)	(154,277)
Total Non-operating Expenses	(364,138)	(873,751)	(1,237,889)
Income Before Contributions	(905,168)	(561,141)	(1,466,309)
Capital Contributions		474,075	474,075
Change in Net Position	(905,168)	(87,066)	(992,234)
Amortization of Grants		(474,075)	(474.075)
Total Net Position, Beginning	20,425,458	34,925,632	55,351,090
Total Net Position, Ending	\$ 19,520,290	34,364,491	53,884,781

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	June 30, 2016	September 30, 2016	
	Electric Department	Water Department	Total Proprietary Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 38,132,157	10,349,111	48,481,268
Cash Paid to Employees	(1,407,346)	(2,363,752)	(3,771,098)
Cash Paid to Suppliers	(35,493,878)	(4,168,529)	(39,662,407)
Cash Paid to City	(1,825,000)		(1,825,000)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(594,067)	3,816,830	3,222,763
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Customer Conservation and TVA Loan Activity	22,815		22,815
Decrease in Conservation Advances	(23,187)		(23,187)
Interest Paid	(16,513)		(16,513)
Other Receipts	8,181		8,181
Net Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activitics	(8,704)		(8,704)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Payments on Debt	(544,740)	(13,044,350)	(13,589,090)
Payment of Interest	(376,466)	(921,853)	(1,298,319)
Proceeds of Debt Issued		9,690,000	9,690,000
Disposal (Purchase) of Capital Assets	(2,721,810)	112,577	(2,609,233)
Loaned to City		(650,000)	(650,000)
Other Receipts		6,646	6,646
Net Cash Flows from Capital and Related		(1.00(.000)	
Financing Activities	(3,643,016)	(4,806,980)	(8,449,996)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		2 2 2 2	
Receipt of Interest	14,435	2,388	16,823
Increase in Bond Sinking Funds	(3,777)		(3,777)
Decrease in Other Special Funds	787.514	2.200	787,514
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	798,172	2,388	800,560
Net Change in Cash	(3,447.615)	(987,762)	(4,435,377)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	10,192,077	3,253,714	13,445,791
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 6,744,462</u>	2,265,952	9,010,414
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Flows			
from Operating Activities:			
Operating Income	\$ (541,030)	312,610	(228,420)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income			
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation & Amortization	1,771.365	2,909,152	4.680,517
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:			
Increase in Receivables	(540)	(970,711)	(971,251)
Increase in Inventory	(4,101)	(22,787)	(26,888)
Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	733	174	907
Increase (Decrease) in Payables	(1,991,510)	6,074	(1,985,436)
Increase in Accrued Liabilities	210.526		210,526
Decrease in Customer Deposits	(39,586)	(984)	(40,570)
Increase in Other Liabilities	76	1,583,302	1,583,378
Total Adjustments	(53,037)	3,504,220	3,451,183
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ (594,067)	3,816,830	3,222,763

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2016

	Employe Benefit Trust Fur	Purpose	Agency Funds
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net)		2,785 259,749	158,054
Total Assets	76	0,042 259,749	158,061
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Other Liabilities	14	.,738 29,585	155,991
Total Liabilities	14	,738 29,585	155,991
NET POSITION Net Position	<u>\$ 61</u>	,304 230,164	2,070

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

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CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Employee Benefit Trust Fund	
ADDITIONS		
Collections Property Taxes	\$	972,908
	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total Collections		972,908
Total Additions		972,908
DEDUCTIONS Payments to Other Governments		966,536
Total Deductions		966,536
Change in Net Position		6,372
Net Position, October 1, 2015		54,932
Net Position, September 30, 2016	\$	61,304

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the City of Columbus (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

b. The Financial Reporting Entity

The citizens of Columbus, Mississippi, have elected to operate under a Mayor-City Council form of government as permitted by Mississippi Statutes 21-8-1.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic - but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

Based on the criteria above, the reporting entity for GAAP purposes includes the Columbus Light and Water Department (Electric and Water Division). Both the Electric and Water Divisions were audited separately and these reports may be obtained from each respective administrative office.

There are no outside organizations that should be included as component units of the City's reporting entity.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

c. Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both governmentwide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The City's public safety, public works, sanitary landfill, solid waste, care and maintenance of public property, health and welfare, conservation, urban and economic development, central garage and general government services are classified as governmental activities. The City's electric and water divisions are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (police, fire, public works, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, utility, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (police, fire, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales or use taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

d. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

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NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1. Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

- **a.** General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- **b.** Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- **c. Debt Service Funds** are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.
- **d.** Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds)

2. Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the City:

a. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statement by type (employee benefit and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

e. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual:

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

f. Financial Statement Amounts

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary funds, the City defines cash equivalents as short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturity dates of three months or less.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. <u>Inventory</u>:

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market.

3. <u>Capital Assets</u>:

Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Mobile equipment	5 – 10 years
Furniture and equipment	5 – 10 years
Other infrastructure	20 – 30 years
Leased property under capital leases	* years

(*) The useful lives will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed.

4. Fund Balances:

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as restricted, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the City:

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the city council pursuant to authorization established by the City's approved fund balance policy.

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NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the city's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the city's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

5. <u>Revenues</u>:

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied. Subsidies and grants to proprietary funds, which finance either capital or current operations, are reported as nonoperating revenue based on GASB No. 33. In applying GASB No. 33 to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient.

6. Expenditures:

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Inventory costs are reported in the period when inventory items are used, rather than in the period purchased.

7. Compensated Absences:

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employeerelated costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

NOTE 1: <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

8. Interfund Activity:

Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

9. Basis of Budgeting:

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 15, the CFO submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at least one week prior to adoption of the budget in the City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Budgets for the General, Special, Capital Projects, and Debt Funds are adopted on the cash basis.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council.

10. Self-insurance Reserves:

The City is self insured for medical coverage. Medical coverage is provided by a combined fully-funded gap policy and self-funded major medical. The breakdown of coverage is as follows:

Self-funded claims	\$500 - \$50,000
Fully-funded excess coverage insurance	\$50,000 +

Insurance reserves are calculated on an undiscounted basis based on actual claim data and estimates of incurred but not reported claims developed utilizing historical claim trends. Projected settlements and incurred but not reported claims are estimated based on pending claims, historical trends and data. Though the City does not expect them to do so, actual settlements and claims could have an adverse effect on the results of operations and financial condition.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

11. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include depreciation expense and net pension liability.

NOTE 2: CASH, OTHER DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash deposits of the City were properly included in the state pool.

The carrying amount of the City's deposits with financial institutions was \$9,901,998 on September 30, 2016, and the bank balance was \$10,339,253.

The water and light department balances are not included in the above amounts.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the City. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City.

NOTE 3: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2016, are:

A. Due from/to other funds

	Due from <u>Other Funds</u>	Due to <u>Other Funds</u>
General Fund	\$ 1,144,356	
Other Governmental Funds		1,144,356
Total Funds	\$ <u>1,144,356</u>	<u>1,144,356</u>

NOTE 3: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

The amounts due to or due from other funds primarily represent amounts loaned between funds for timing differences between revenues and expenditures and cash balances.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund	\$ 222,936	641,413
Other Governmental Funds	641,413	222,936
	<u>\$ 864,349</u>	864,349

All inter-fund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

NOTE 4: NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes Receivable balance at September 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Date of	InterestMaturity	Ba	lance
Description	<u>Loan</u>	Rate	Date	<u>Payable</u>
American Power Source	9/1/09	3.00%	9/1/19	\$ 89,131

On the Statement of Net Position, notes receivable from Columbus Light & Water in the amount of \$4,034,895 are eliminated in consolidation.



NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Business-Type Activities

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2016, was as follows:

		Balance 9/30/2015	Additions	Retire- ments	Completed Construction	Adjustments	Balance 9/30/2016
Governmental Activities	•						
Non-depreciable Capital Assets							
Land	\$	6,540,316	1,092,872				7,633,188
Construction in Progress		6,725,683	2,929,597		(6,980,595)		2,674,685
Total Non-depreciable Capital Assets	-	13,265,999	4,022,469	-	(6,980,595)	-	10,307,873
Depreciable Capital Assets							
Buildings		18,216,610			2,436,617		20,653,227
Equipment		11,044,165	2,230,108				13,274,273
Improvements Other than Buildings		1,825,189	9,348				1,834,537
Infrastructure		58,144,405	66,150		4,543,978		62,754,533
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	-	89,230,369	2,305,606	-	6,980,595	-	98,516,570
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings		7,159,773	417,607				7,577,380
Equipment		8,184,247	630,032				8,814,279
Improvements Other than Buildings		357,585	73,381				430,966
Infrastructure	_	37,821,186	975,001				38,796,187
Total Accumulated Depreciation	-	53,522,791	2,096,021	-	-	-	55,618,812
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	-	35,707,578	209,585	-	6,980,595	<u> </u>	42,897,758
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	48,973,577	4,232,054	-	-	-	53,205,631

Non-depreciable Capital Assets						
Land	\$	305,927				305,927
Construction in Progress		1,157,191	1,034,160		(2,102,654)	88,697
Total Non-depreciable Capital Assets	-	1,463,118	1,034,160		(2,102,654)	 394,624
Depreciable Capital Assets						
Wastewater Treatment Plant		18,833,420	34,740			18,868,160
Utility Plant in Service		95,603,208	707,885	(14,768)		96,296,325
Distribution Plant		43,154,920	2,606,032	(205,905)		45,555,047
General Plant	_	7,592,110	464,989	(43,064)		8,014,035
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	_	165,183,658	3,813,646	(263,737)		 168,733,567
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
All Plant Property		81,901,513	4,930,741	(391,080)		 86,441,174
Total Accumulated Depreciation	-	81,901,513	4,930,741	(391.080)		 86,441,174
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		83,282,145	(1,117,095)	127,343		 82,292,393
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	s _	84,745,263	(82,935)	127,343	(2,102,654)	 82,687,017

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

	Amount
Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 59,254
Public Safety	474,144
Public Works	1,207,990
Culture and Recreation	135,921
Conservation, Urban and Economic Development	218,712
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,096,021
Business-Type Activities:	
Electric Division	\$ 1,928,135
Water Division	3,002,606
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 4,930,741

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance		Re-		Balance	Within One
Governmental Activities	9/30/2015	Additions	ductions	Adjustments	9/30/2016	Үеаг
General Obligation Bonds						
8	\$ 720,000		240,000		480,000	240,000
General Obligation Note, Series 2014	5,000,000		-		5,000,000	25,000
Special Assessment Bonds Payable						
Public Improvement Series, 1996A	160,000		160,000		-	
Public Improvement Series, 1996B	65,000		65,000		-	
Mississippi Development Bank, 2010	7,140,000		470,000		6,670,000	480,000
Mississippi Development Bank, 2013	2,165,000		125,000		2,040,000	130,000
Tax Increment Financing Bonds						
Tax Increment Financing Bonds, Series 2015	2,230,000		80,000		2,150,000	80,000
Tax Increment Financing Bonds, Series 2016		1,172,000			1,172,000	54,000
Notes Payable						
Mississippi Development Authority, 2007	84,324		31,704		52,620	32,389
Mississippi Development Authority, 2007	52,570		17,495		35,075	17,868
Mississippi Development Authority, 2009	74,274		4,600		69,674	4,717
Mississippi Development Authority, 2012	160,009		24,573		135,436	25,084
Mississippi Development Authority, 2012	164,531		21,507		143,024	22,001
Regions Bank	87,205		56,337		30,868	30,868
Regions Bank, Lease Purchase Note	1,631,561		100,554		1,531,007	103,811
Regions Bank, Lease Purchase Note	3,359,847		191,841		3,168,006	197,681
Regions Bank, Lease Purchase Note	307,175		93,845		213,330	105,408
Regions Bank, Lease Purchase Note	57,566		12,351		45,215	12,599
Regions Bank, Lease Purchase Note	163,051		33,059		129,992	33,723
Trustmark National Bank		1,155,458	95,303		1,060,155	106,262
Trustmark National Bank		207,912	23,383		184,529	40,611
Trustmark National Bank		368,681	23,661		345,020	71,755
Columbus Light & Water Department		650,000			650,000	100,000
Compensated Absences	506,034		32,564		473,470	137,000
Total \$	24,128,147	3,554,051	1,902,777	-	25,779,421	2,050,777

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

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		Balance 9/30/2015	Additions	Re- ductions	Balance 9/30/2016	Within One Year
Business-type Activities						
Bonds and Notes Payable - Water Division						
Water Division, Special Obligation Bonds						
2007 Series	\$	18,765,000		10,130,000	8,635,000	1,445,000
Revenue Refunding Bonds						
2012 Series		3,772,471		1,046,865	2,725,606	1,071,365
Revenue Refunding Bonds						
2015 Series		-	9,690,000		9,690,000	140,000
Discount on Special Obligation Bonds						
2007 Series		(147,401)		(22,110)	(125,291)	
Premium on Revenue Refunding Bonds					. ,	
2015 Series			89,717	6,843	82,874	
Total Water Division, Revenue Bonds	-	22,390,070	9,779,717	11,161,598	21,008,189	2,656,365
Water Division, Other Long-Term Debt						
Notes Payable to City of Columbus for						
Water Meter Project		3,406,916		238,910	3,168,006	197,681
Environmental Quality Revolving Loans		1,017,924		335,711	682,213	92,421
Department of Health Revolving Loans		331,090		331,090	-	
Mississippi Development Bank		71,797		71,797	-	
Total Water Division, Other Long-term Debt	-	4,827,727	0	738,598	3,850,219	290,102
Bonds and Notes Payable - Electric Division						
Electric Division - Special Obligation Bonds 2009 Series		8,120,000		415,000	7,705,000	425,000
Notes Payable to City of Columbus for		0,720,000		,	.,,	125,000
Construction Expenses		1,047,096		143,588	903,508	148,249
Discount on Special Obligation Bonds		1,047,070		145,500	705,500	110,217
Series 2009		(195,028)		(13,848)	(181,180)	
	-	8,972,068	0	544,740	8,427,328	573,249
	-	0.7/2.000		544,740	0,427,520	·····
Total Business-type Activities Bonds and						
Notes Payable	\$	36,189,865	9,779,717	12,444,936	33,285,736	3,519,716
	=					



NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

All liabilities of The City of Columbus are secured by the full faith and credit of the municipality.

The outstanding issue of general obligation bonds, series 2013, is due in annual installments of \$240,000 plus interest through the year 2018 with 1.52% annual interest.

The outstanding issue of general obligation bonds, series 2014, is due in annual installments ranging from \$163,403 to \$638,938 through the year 2029 with 3.25% annual interest.

The outstanding issues of special assessment bonds are due in annual installments ranging from \$115,000 to \$490,000 each through various dates, the last of which is the year 2030. Interest rates range from 2.0% to 4.55%.

The outstanding issues of tax increment financing bonds are due in annual installments ranging from \$80,000 to \$295,000 each through various dates, the last of which is the year 2032. Interest rates range from 5.75% to 7.125%.

The notes payable with Mississippi Development Authority dated June 12, 2007, consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$2,760.40 for 120 months with 2.0% annual interest.

The notes payable with Mississippi Development Authority dated September 1, 2008, consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$1,533.53 for 120 months with 2.0% annual interest.

The notes payable with Mississippi Development Authority dated September 17, 2009, terms consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$505.88 for 240 months with 2.0% annual interest.

The notes payable with Mississippi Development Authority dated February 1, 2012, terms consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$2,300.34 for 120 months with 2.0% annual interest.

The notes payable with Mississippi Development Authority dated August 5, 2010, terms consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$2,054.95 for 120 months with 2.0% annual interest.

The notes payable with Regions Bank dated May 17, 2012, terms consist of monthly payments in the amount of \$4,440.40 for 60 months with 2.09% annual interest.

The outstanding notes payable with Regions Equipment Finance Corporation terms consist of quarterly payments ranging from \$37,891 to \$72,705, or monthly payments ranging from \$1,115 to \$3,000, the last of which is the year 2029. Interest rates range from 1.99% to 3.20%.

The outstanding notes payable with Trustmark National Bank terms consist of monthly payments ranging from \$3,612 to \$10,777, the last of which is the year 2025. Interest rates range from 1.62% to 2.28%.

The outstanding notes payable with Columbus Light & Water Department terms consist of annual payments ranging from \$100,000 to \$150,000, the last of which is the year 2020. The outstanding balance of this note is eliminated in consolidation.

NOTE 7: DISABILITY RELIEF FUND

In the past, the City has sponsored and administered the Policemen's and Firemen's Disability Relief Fund. It was accounted for as a separate Pension Trust Fund. Effective July 1, 1987, this fund was administered by the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS). All required contributions and property taxes are being transferred monthly. The Pension Fund is funded by contributions from employees and from a tax assessment of 5.17 mills. The City is not obligated to fund the Pension Trust Fund with any general fund resources. Benefits are paid to the participants or beneficiaries based on a percentage of the base pay when the person qualifies. The City has no unfunded pension liability with respect to the Pension Trust Fund.

The contribution made for active and retired employees for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, were \$969,546, \$971,894, and \$1,011,879, respectively.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building. 429 Mississippi Street. Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service.

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NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of September 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The City's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$1,566,462, \$1,458,235 and \$1,428,892, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$26,457,216 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion was 0.148116 percent.

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,673,426. At September 30, 2016 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	D	eferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$	737,963	
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		1,792,346	
Changes of assumptions		1,247,249	70,305
Change in proportion percentage		52,507	
City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		408,267	
	\$	4,238,332	70,305

\$408,267 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30,	
2017	\$ 1,301,525
2018	989,656
2019	945,914
2020	522,665
	\$ 3,759,760

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.75 - 19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges ae combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%
International Equity	19		5.00	
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45	
Fixed Income	20		0.25	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.15	
Cash	1		(0.50)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

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NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	 (8.75%)
City's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 33,924,083	\$ 26,457,216	\$ 20,262,137

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

NOTE 9: JOINT VENTURES AND OTHER

The City of Columbus and Lowndes County, Mississippi, are in several significant joint ventures. The following is a brief description of each joint venture:

I.	Name: Purpose: Government:	Columbus/Lowndes Recreation Authority To provide recreation to Columbus and Lowndes County A commission made up of five members appointed by the Mayor and City Council (2) and Lowndes County Board of Supervisors (2) and one member jointly approved by the Mayor and President of the Board of Supervisors.
	Financing: Degree of Control Over Budgeting and	Taxes levied by both the City and County and certain fees.
	Financing:	A budget must be submitted and approved by both the City Council and Board of Supervisors.
II.	Name:	Columbus/Lowndes County Library
	Purpose:	To operate a public library
	Government:	A board made up of ten members appointed by the Mayor and City Council (5) and the Lowndes County Board of Supervisors (5).
	Financing:	Taxes levied by both the City and County.
	Degree of Control Over Budgeting and	
	Financing:	A budget is submitted to the City Council and Board of Supervisors for review and approval. After reviewing the budget the governing bodies advise the Library Board how much they will provide for the operation of the Library.
III.	Name:	Columbus/Lowndes County Convention and Visitors Bureau
	Purpose:	To promote tourism within the City and County.
	Government:	A board made up of nine members appointed by the Mayor and City Council (4); the Board of Supervisors for Lowndes County (4); and the County and City jointly appoint one individual at large.

NOTE 9: JOINT VENTURES AND OTHER (CONTINUED)

Financing:

A special two percent (2%) sales tax on certain restaurants and lounges has been designated to be used to promote tourism in Columbus and Lowndes County.

Degree of Control Over Budgeting and Financing: N/A

The City also participates jointly with two surrounding counties and cities in providing partial funding for the Golden Triangle Regional Airport. The City appoints one of the five commissioners.

The City also is participating jointly with several surrounding cities and counties in the Golden Triangle Regional Solid Waste Management Authority, Inc. The purpose of the Authority is to provide a regional solid waste disposal facility. The City appoints ten of the thirty-eight board members. The City, as well as other surrounding cities and counties, has guaranteed certain debt of the Authority.

The above joint ventures are considered as separate reporting entities by the City's administration. Accordingly, the joint ventures have not been included in these financial statements, except the funding of each has been recorded as expenditures.

The City participates with the County in the Columbus/Lowndes Airport located on Highway 69. The County reimburses the City for 50% of any expenses exceeding revenue.

The City and County also share in the operation of the E-911 salaries expense. The City, through an interlocal agreement, assigns certain personnel, and provides office space and utilities to the Metro Narcotics Unit.

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Under GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risks Financing and Related Insurance Issues, a liability for claims must be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and that the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. As of the date of this audit report, there were no known claims above the amount of coverage purchased for risks of loss related to torts; theft of , damage to, and the destruction of asses; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters at September 30, 2016; therefore, no liability has been accrued at this time.

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NOTE 11: PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1st. Taxes are levied as of January 1st and payable on or before February 1st. The City taxes are collected and remitted to the City by the Lowndes County Tax Collector.

The distribution of taxes to funds was made in accordance with prescribed tax levies, and uncollected taxes were properly handled.

Delinquent taxes are not recorded as assets.

NOTE 12: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City, after consultation with counsel, that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise is not believed to be material.

NOTE 13: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of City of Columbus, Mississippi evaluated the activity of the city through February 6, 2017, and determined that there was no subsequent event that required disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 8,122,800	8,122,800	8,142,725	19,925
Licenses and Permits	571,714	571,714	604,979	33,265
Intergovernmental Revenues	11,051,511	11,051,511	11,932,052	880,541
Charges for Services	1,937,100	1,937,100	2,195,856	258,756
Fines and Forfeits	703,050	703,050	526,365	(176,685)
Interest Income	20,000	20,000	23,093	3,093
Miscellaneous Revenues	185,650	185,650	230,600	44,950
Total Revenues	22,591,825	22,591,825	23,655,670	1,063,845
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	2,468,678	2,468,678	2,332,269	136,409
Public Safety	12,003,932	12,003,932	10,463,559	1,540,373
Public Works	4,798,167	4,798,167	4,684,320	113,847
Cemetery	107,000	107,000	93,741	13,259
Culture and Recreation	295,237	295,237	339,443	(44,206)
Conservation, Urban and Economic Development	876,583	876,583	928,419	(51,836)
Intergovernmental-Garage	802,068	802,068	725,633	76,435
Agency Appropriations	1,442,910	1,442,910	1,392,267	50,643
Debt Service	663,158	663,158	637,513	25,645
Total Expenditures	23,457,733	23,457,733	21,597,164	1,860,569
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	\$ (865,908)	(865,908)	2,058,506	2,924,414
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,566,600	1,566,600	1,379,698	(186,902)
Other Financing Uses	(879,018)	(879,018)	(97,879)	781,139
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>\$ 687,582</u>	687,582	1,281,819	594,237

This is reported on the cash basis.



CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	\$	26,457,216	22,769,212
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability		0.148116%	0.147297%
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	9,475,346	9,202,286
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		279.22%	247.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.47%	61.70%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of the City's Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,492,367	1,449,360
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,492,367	1,449,360
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,475,346	9,202,286
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules presents the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the City Council. Amendments can be made on the approval of the council. A budgetary comparison is presented and is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of Assumptions.

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual an anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

(2) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (2015 Employer contributions are developed from 2013 valuation). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price Inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return Entry age Level percentage of payroll, open 32.2 years 5-year smoothed market 3.50 percent 4.25 percent, including inflation 8.00 percent, net of pension plan investment Expense, including inflation

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness - Governmental Activites September 30, 2016

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	Maturity Interest		Balance	Transactions		Balance	
Name and Date	Date	Percent	10/1/15	Issued	Redeemed	9/30/16	
eral Obligation, Special Obligation, and Governmental Activities:	TIF Bonds						
Public Improvement Series, 1996A	2016	5.00	\$ 160,000		\$ 160,000	\$	
Total			160,000	-	160,000		
Public Improvement Series, 1996B	2016	5.40	65,000		65,000		
Total			65,000	-	65,000		
Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2010	2016	2.00	470,000		470,000		
	2017	2.00	480,000			480,00	
	2018	2.25	495,000			495,00	
	2019	2.50	510,000			510,00	
	2020	2.50	515,000			515.00	
	2021	2.50	530,000			530,00	
	Thereafter	2.50	4,140,000			4,140,00	
Total			7,140,000	-	470,000	6,670,00	
General Obligation Note, Series 2013	2016	1.52	240,000		240,000		
	2017	1.52	240,000		,	240,00	
	2018	1.52	240,000			240,0	
Total			720,000	-	240,000	480,00	
Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2013	2016	4.55	125,000		125,000		
	2017	4.55	130,000			130,00	
	2018	4.55	140,000			140,00	
	2019	4.55	145,000			145,0	
	2020	4.55	150,000			150,00	
	2021	4.55	155,000			155,00	
	Thereafter	4.55	1,320,000			1,320,00	
Total			2,165,000	-	125,000	2,040,00	
General Obligation Note, Series 2014	2016	3.25					
	2017	3.25	25,000			25,00	
	2018	3.25	100,000			100,00	
	2019	3.25	200,000			200,00	
	2020	3.25	400,000			400,00	
	2021	3.25	500,000			500,00	
	Thereafter	3.25	3,775,000			3,775,00	
Total			5,000,000	-		5,000,00	
Tax Increment Financing, Series 2015	2016	6.00	80,000		80,000		
	2017	6.00	80,000			80,00	
	2018	6.00	80,000			80,00	
	2019	6.00	85,000			85,00	
	2020	6.00	90,000			90,00	
	2021	6.00	100,000			100,00	
	Thereafter	7.125	1,715,000			1,715,00	
Total			2,230,000	-	80,000	2,150,00	

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness - Governmental Activites September 30, 2016

	Maturity	Interest	Balance	Trans	actions	Balance
Name and Date	Date	Percent	10/1/15	Issued	Redeemed	9/30/16
Tax Increment Financing, Series 2016	2016	5.75				-
	2017	5.75		54,000		54,000
	2018	5.75		54,000		54,000
	2019	5.75		57,000		57,000
	2020	5.75		60,000		60,000
	2021	5.75		64,000		64,000
	Thereafter	5.75		883,000		883,000
Total				1,172,000		1,172,000
Total General Obligation, Special Obliga	tion, and TIF	Bonds				
Governmental Activities			\$ 17,480,000	\$ 1,172,000	\$ 1,140,000	\$ 17,512,000



CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Long-Term Notes - Governmental Activities September 30, 2016

	Maturity	Interest	Balance	Tran	Balance	
Pavee	Date	Percent	10/1/2015	Issued	Redeemed	9/30/2016
s Payable						
Governmental Activities:						
Mississippi Development Authority, 2007	2016	2.00	\$ 31,704		\$ 31,704	s -
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2017	2.00	32,389			32,389
	2018	2.00	20,231			20,231
Total			84,324		31,704	52,620
			1. 10.5		1.8.405	
Mississippi Development Authority, 2007	2016	2.00	17,495		17,495	17 040
	2017 2018	2.00 2.00	17,868 17,207			17,868 17,207
Total	2018	2.00	52,570	-	17,495	35,075
Mississippi Development Authority, 2012	2016	2.00	24,573		24,573	-
	2017	2.00	25,084			25,084
	2018	2.00	25,590			25,590
	2019	2.00	26,107			26,107
	2020	2.00	26,634			26,634
	2021	2.00	27,171			27,171
Tel	2022	2.00	4,850		24,573	4,850
Total			160,009		24,575	135,436
Mississippi Development Authority, 2012	2016	2.00	21,507		21,507	
······································	2017	2.00	22,001		,	22,00
	2018	2.00	22,445			22,44
	2019	2.00	22,898			22,898
	2020	2.00	23,360			23,360
	2021	2.00	23,832			23,832
	Thereafter	2.00	28,488			28,488
Total			164,531		21,507	143,024
Mississippi Development Authority, 2009	2016	2.00	4,600		4,600	
Wississippi Development Authority, 2009	2010	2.00	4,000		4,000	4,717
	2018	2.00	4,812			4,812
	2019	2.00	4,909			4,909
	2020	2.00	5,008			5,008
	2021	2.00	5,110			5,110
	Thereafter	2.00	45,118			45,118
Total			74,274		4,600	69,674
Pagions Pank	2014	2 00	54 227		56,337	
Regions Bank	2016 2017	2.00 2.00	56,337 30,868		>0,22/	30,868
Total	2017	2.00	87,205		56,337	30,868
						·
Regions Equipment Finance Corp	2016	3.00	100,554		100,554	-
	2017	3.00	103,811			103,811
	2018	3.00	107,173			107,173
	2019	3.00	110,644			110,644
	2020	3.00	114,227			114,227
	2021	3.00	117,926			117,926
Total	Thereafter	3.00	977,226		100,554	977,226
Total			1,631,561	-	100,004	1,531,007

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Long-Term Notes - Governmental Activities September 30, 2016

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	Maturity	Interest	Balance	Trans	actions	Balance
Pavee	Date	Percent	10/1/2015	Issued	Redeemed	9/30/2016
Regions Equipment Finance Corp	2016	3.01	191,841		191,841	
Regions Equipment I mance corp	2017	3.01	197,681		171,011	197,681
	2018	3.01	203,699			203,699
	2019	3.01	209,900			209,900
	2019	3.01	209,900 216,290			216,290
	2021	3.01	222,874			222,874
T ()	Thereafter	3.01	2,117,562		101.041	2,117,562
Total			3,359,847		191,841	3,168,006
Regions Equipment Finance Corp	2016	2.02	93,845		93,845	-
regione 24 aprilate a mande corp	2017	2.02	105,408		,,,,,,,,	105,408
	2018	2.02	107,922			107,922
Total	2010	2.02	307,175	<u> </u>	93,845	213,330
Total			507,175			215,550
Regions Equipment Finance Corp	2016	1.99	12,351		12,351	-
• • • •	2017	1.99	12,599			12,599
	2018	1.99	12,852			12,852
	2019	1.99	13,110			13,110
	2020	1.99	6,654			6,654
Total		•	57,566	-	12,351	45,215
Regions Equipment Finance Corp	2016	1.99	33,059		33,059	-
	2017	1.99	33,723			33,723
	2018	1.99	34,400			34,400
	2019	1.99	35,091			35,091
	2020	1.99	26,778			26,778
Total			163,051	-	33,059	129,992
Trustmark National Bank	2016	2.28		95,303	95,303	-
	2017	2.28		106,262		106,262
	2018	2,28		108,710		108,710
	2019	2.28		111,215		111,215
	2020	2.28		113,777		113,777
	2021	2.28		116,399		116,399
	Thereafter	2.28		503,792		503,792
Total		-		1,155,458	95,303	1,060,155
Trustmark National Bank	2016	1.65		23,383	23,383	-
	2017	1.65		40,611		40,611
	2018	1.65		41,286		41,286
	2019	1.65		41,973		41,973
	2020	1.65		42,671		42,671
	2021	1.65		17,988		17,988
Total		-		207,912		184,529
Trustmark National Bank	2016	1.67		72 661	23,661	
гэцэшлагк туацонаг фалк	2016	1.62		23,661 71,755	23,001	- 71,755
	2017	1.62				
	2018	1.62		72,926		72,926
	2019	1.62		74,116		74,116
	2020	1.62		75,325		75,325
Terel	2021	1.62 -		50,898		50,898
Total		-		368,681	23,661	345,020

CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Long-Term Notes - Governmental Activities September 30, 2016

	Maturity	Interest	Balance	Trans	actions	Balance
Payee	Date	Pcrcent	10/1/2015	Issued	Redeemed	9/30/2016
Columbus Light & Water Department	2016	0.05				-
	2017	0.05		100,000		100,000
	2018	0.05		100,000		100,000
	2019	0.05		150,000		150,000
	2020	0.05		150,000		150,000
	2021	0.05		150,000		150,000
Total				650,000		650,000
Total Notes Payable, Governmental Activities	5		\$ 6,142,113	\$ 2,382,051	\$ 730,213	\$ 7,793,951

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CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Bonds and Notes Payable - Business-Type Activities September 30, 2016

	Maturity	Interest	Balance	Tran	Balance	
Name and Date	Date	Percent	10/1/15	Issued	Redeemed	9/30/16
Business-type Activities						
Water Division:						
Special Obligation Bonds						
	2016	4.12%	\$ 10,130,000		\$10,130,000	\$
	2017	4.12%	1,445,000			1,445,000
	2018	4.12%	1,505,000			1,505,00
	2019	4.12%	1,565,000			1,565,00
	2020	4.12%	1,625,000			1,625,00
	2021	4.12%	1,690,000			1,690,00
	2022	4.12%	805,000			805,00
Total			18,765,000		10,130,000	8,635,00
Other Long-term Debt	2017	2.4.68/	1 785 442		1 795 4/2	
	2016	2-4.5%	1,785,463	140.000	1,785,463	1 202 70
	2017	2-4.5%	1,163,786	140,000		1,303,78
	2018	2-4.5%	1,190,489	115,000		1,305,48
	2019	2-4.5%	653,515	115,000		768,51
	2020	2-4.5%	97,399	120,000		217,39
	2021	2-4.5%	99,118	120,000		219,11
	Thereafter	2-4.5%	203,512	9,080,000		9,283,51
Total			5,193,282	9,690,000	1,785,463	13,097,81
Electric Division:						
Special Obligation Bonds						
	2016	2-4.85%	415,000		415,000	
	2017	2-4.85%	425,000			425,00
	2018	2-4.85%	440,000			440,00
	2019	2-4.85%	455,000			455,00
	2020	2-4.85%	470,000			470,00
	2021	2-4.85%	485,000			485,00
	Thereafter	2-4.85%	5,430,000			5,430,00
Total		2 110270	8,120,000		415,000	7,705,000
otal Bonds and Notes Payable Business-type Activities	,		\$ 32,078,282	\$ 9.690.000	\$12,330,463	\$29,437,819



CITY OF COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Surety Bonds for Municipal Officials September 30, 2016

Name	Position	Company	Bond
Robert Smith	Mayor	CNA Surety	\$ 50,000
Gene A. Taylor	Councilman	CNA Surety	\$100,000
Joseph W. Mickens	Councilman	CNA Surety	\$100,000
Charles E. Box	Councilman	CNA Surety	\$100,000
Marty Turner	Councilman	CNA Surety	\$100,000
Stephen Jones	Councilman	CNA Surety	\$100,000
William E. Gavin	Councilman	CNA Surety	\$100,000
Milton Rawle	CFO	CNA Surety	\$100,000
Oscar Lewis III	Chief of Police	CNA Surety	\$ 50,000
All departments under jurisdiction of Mayor and City Council	Blanket Bond All Employees	State Auto Property and Insurance Company	\$100,000
Proprietary Fund – Electric & Water Department	Blanket Bond Covering All Employees	State Auto Property and Insurance Company	\$ 50,000

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*



WATKINS, WARD and STAFFORD

Professional Limited Liability Company Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council The City of Columbus Columbus, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbus, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Columbus, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 6, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Columbus, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Columbus, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Columbus, Mississippi's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency. We consider the deficiencies described below to be significant deficiencies.

2016-001. Significant Deficiency

The City of Columbus does not maintain adequate records for fixed assets. There is not a subsidiary ledger. The City does not perform an annual physical inventory. The City also does not maintain property control tags.

Recommendation

The City of Columbus needs to implement a subsidiary ledger for fixed assets. An annual physical inventory needs to be performed. All fixed assets need to be marked with a property control tag.

Management's Response to Finding

The City of Columbus is currently working on implementing a fixed asset subsidiary ledger.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Columbus, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Columbus, Mississippi's Response to Findings

City of Columbus, Mississippi's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Columbus, Mississippi February 6, 2017

Watkins Ward and Staffad, PUC

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council The City of Columbus Columbus, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Columbus, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, which collectively comprise the City of Columbus, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 6, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the procedures prescribed by the State Auditor, and accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the City's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations. Our findings and recommendations and your responses are as follows:

Findings:

In violation of Mississippi Code Section 25-3-41, there were instances where a City officer or employee did not repay advanced money not used for travel related expenses within the first five working days after the end of the month in which the official travel occurred.

In violation of Mississippi Code Section 21-39-7, there were instances where claims against the City were paid without being properly included on the docket of claims, and therefore not being properly approved for payment by the City Council.



Recommendations:

To comply with applicable state statutes:

The City should ensure that the travel reimbursement form prescribed by the Department of Finance and Administration, or a similar form, is completed and submitted as soon as reasonably possible after official travel is completed by City employees or officials. Every effort should be made to collect advanced money owed to the City within the mandated time.

The City should ensure that all claims for payment against the City are recorded in the docket of claims and presented for approval at the regular meetings of the City Council.

Response:

The City Council has been made aware of these violations of state statutes and has taken measures to correct the violations.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council, management and Mississippi State Auditor's office, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Columbus, Mississippi February 6, 2017

Watkins Word and Staffad, PUC



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MANAGEMENT REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council The City of Columbus Columbus, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Columbus, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, which collectively comprise the City of Columbus, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 6, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

During the course of our examination, a matter was detected which requires the attention of management. This matter does not have a material effect on the general purpose financial statements. Any findings and recommendations of the prior year have been corrected by management unless it is specifically stated otherwise in the following finding and recommendation. Our finding and recommendation are as follows:

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS:

ADMINISTRATIVE

1. Finding: (Repeat of Prior Year Finding)

The value of the personal use of an automobile by employees is not being computed and added to their income (W-2 earnings).

Recommendation:

The secretary-treasurer's office should start determining the personal use value for the city owned vehicles and add this value to the users W-2 at the end of the calendar year and pay the applicable payroll taxes.



The finding in this report came to our attention as a result of the audit procedures and tests that we applied. Other than the finding mentioned above and in the preceding letter, the City complied with state laws and regulations for the items tested. For those items not tested, nothing came to our attention that would lead us to believe that the City had not complied with state laws and regulations other than those laws and regulations for which we noted violations in our testing referred to above.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council and the management of the City. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Columbus, Mississippi February 6, 2017

Watkins Word and Staffad, PUC